

The Daily New Mexican

THE NEW MEXICAN PRINTING CO.

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THE NEW MEXICAN is the oldest newspaper in New Mexico. It is sent to every Postoffice in the Territory and has a large and growing circulation among the intelligent and progressive people of the southwest.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Wanted. One cent a word each insertion. Ten cents per line each insertion. Reading Room. Preferred position. Twenty-five cents per line each insertion. Displayed. Two dollars an inch, single column, per month in Daily. One dollar an inch, single column, per month in Weekly. Additional notice and particulars given on receipt of copy of matter to be inserted.

SATURDAY, APRIL 9.

The sword of Bunker Hill is sharpened and ready for use.

In case of war with Spain, the First New Mexico cavalry will do mighty good service in Cuba.

Law and order must and shall be sustained in New Mexico. This is the motto of the present territorial administration.

The administration of the territory is becoming better right along, as Republican officials are taking the place of Democrats. It was ever thus.

At the proper time, the American navy will convince the yellow papers and the timid people generally, that it is not as weak, as these parties suppose it is.

The Spanish army and navy are stronger and look more formidable on paper than elsewhere. By paper is meant the Spanish papers and the American yellow and free silver papers.

The A. T. & S. F. railway is to build a branch to Cimarron, and then on to the Moreno valley. Construction on this branch is to begin in the near future. This is good news to northern New Mexico. The more railroads the better.

CAPITAL invested in New Mexico enterprises should receive the fullest protection of the law. The courts can do a great deal in that direction. Capital, safely and profitably invested in this territory, will bring more capital and that is what is needed.

ABOUT 90 head of stolen cattle were driven from Eddy county through Chaves, Lincoln, Valencia and Bernalillo counties recently, but the thieves were caught up with a sharo and short turn in Santa Fe county, one of them captured and the cattle recovered. Score one for Santa Fe county.

THE NEW YORK Journal makes sensational charges against President McKinley. That's what the Journal is here for. But as the decent, patriotic and sensible people of the United States do not believe these charges, it is not exactly clear what the Journal means by its dastardly course.

ACCORDING to the Denver papers, there is great war feeling among the Navajos and these gallant braves and stalwart warriors are demanding with one loud, powerful and united whoop to be led against the bloody Spaniards. This is important, if true.

THE free silver papers are very joyful over the fact that Milwaukee city, that gave a Republican majority in November 1890, gave a Democratic majority at last Tuesday's city election. But they have little to say concerning Kansas City, Mo., that gave a good Republican majority last Tuesday.

NEW MEXICO must go into the business of sugar beet raising and beet sugar manufacturing, and that as speedily as possible. One such factory is already in successful operation in Eddy county and there is room for a dozen more. The next factory should be located and erected in the Santa Fe valley, a most suitable place for such an institution.

SPAIN is gaining nothing by the delay of the United States in taking action. Its army and navy were as strong six weeks ago as they are today. But the delay has enabled the United States to increase its navy very much, to put it upon a navy footing and to get its land forces in fighting trim. The Cuban revolutionists have also gained by the delay and are ready to fight some decisive battles on the island as soon as war is declared. Spain has made a grand mistake, and this country and Cuba have profited by it. All is fair in war and love. As this is no love business, it may well be construed as bearing on the side of actual war.

AN esteemed and valued contemporary in the northeastern part of the territory asserts that Governor Otero has asked for the resignations of the members of the board of county commissioners of Union county. This is not so. Had the governor asked for these resignations they would have been forthcoming surely and quickly. The New Mexican knows not what Governor Otero's action in the case of the county commissioners of Union county, who were reported in a recent official grand jury report as having been derelict in their duty and as having violated the law, will be. But one thing is certain, if the governor desires the resignations of these officials, because they have violated the law and

they are not forthcoming, he will take prompt action otherwise. This the New Mexican judgment from the governor's record in office so far.

Situation Belokens War.

Tomorrow, and then—well, unless Spain pulls in her flag, war will follow. At least that is the situation this evening.

On Wednesday, when the president's message was not sent to congress as had been expected, the very reasonable and sensible excuse for further delay in taking some action looking to the end of present conditions in Cuba, was that the citizens of the United States on the island would be in danger. That matter is, however, out of the way. By tomorrow night every person who desires to get under cover will have reached some port in this country and there will be nothing in the way of sending the message to congress, and letting that body dispose of it in any manner it sees fit. That a declaration of war will follow no one doubts. The temper of the members of the house and senate is such that there seems to be no other outcome of the situation.

Nor is that all. The people at large are weary of procrastination. They have been willing that every diplomatic art for the avoidance of war should be used, but diplomacy has failed to reach any solution of the Cuban question, and the only way now open to bring peace to Cuba and the United States is to fight, unless Spain should think better of the matter and withdraw her troops and navy from the Western continent. There is little hopes of that being done. One of the Spanish ministers remarked the other day that "it was better to fight foreigners than to fight Spanish indignation, if their honor and rights are trampled upon," and that seems to be the sentiment of every mother's son in that land.

The situation is considered so grave, that the ways and means committee of the house is already drafting a war revenue measure, and the financiers of the country are arranging to take bonds of the government in very large amounts in order to furnish the sinews of war. All things taken into consideration the proposition has resolved itself into this: Spain will either grant everything this country demands in the way of reparation for wrongs inflicted upon the Cubans and the destruction of the Maine, or fight. Unless there is a wonderful change in Spain's attitude tomorrow, there will be an opportunity for the men in the land who are anxious to fight, bleed and die for their country, to do some of all three before the end comes.

Spain's Former Glory.

Spain's frantic efforts to retain possession of Cuba are almost as pathetic as impossible, and mark the final struggle for a footing on the western continent where that country was once almost supreme in control. Beginning with the discovery of the new world by Columbus 406 years ago, that country acquired vast possessions which encompassed almost the entirety of South America and fully two-thirds of North America. Even as late as 1810 the Spanish possessions in North America comprised what is known as Utah, California, New Mexico, Arizona, Colorado, a portion of Kansas, Texas, Mexico, Central America, the West Indies, and other islands of less importance. In South America at that time the Spanish flag waved over ten great countries, and as a nation of colonization Spain then stood without an equal.

But the methods of cruelty which have ever marked that country's efforts to advance the cause of the church, proved the downfall of her greatness. In 1810 Buenos Ayres threw off the yoke of oppression, and that event marked the beginning of the end of Spanish dominion in the Americas. Mexico soon followed, and one by one, possessions have dropped off until in 1898 Cuba and Porto Rico alone remain to testify to the greatness of Ferdinand and Isabella. Americans may sneer at the pride of the dons which is leading them into certain loss of the remainder of a once magnificent domain, but under the circumstances there is not much wonder that what little there is left is held with a death-like grip. While this country has had every provocation to wrest the islands in the West Indies from her, and is horrified at the condition which exists in Cuba; while the insurgents are entitled to the sympathy and assistance of the United States, yet, when a look is taken at the former greatness of Spain on this continent, no one can help wishing that Spanish statesmen had so managed affairs that humanity did not demand the despoiling of the little King Alfonso of his fairest possession.

Collector Dillon Did Right.

Collector Dillon, of El Paso, has appointed Colonel Dick Hudson as deputy collector at Deming. "Uncle Dick" is entirely satisfied with the appointment, but Judge Field thinks that the new collector used undue and unnecessary haste in picking out a man for the position. Mr. Dillon appointed Frank Clark as his chief deputy at El Paso. Mr. Clark has had considerable experience in the office, having served as a deputy under Collector Slade, and was collector for a short time during the Harrison administration.—Lordsburg Liberator.

The Abandonment of Fort Bayard.

Some mischievous persons have been circulating the report that Governor Otero favors the abandonment of Fort Bayard, that a post may be established at Albuquerque. The Enterprise speaks advisedly when it asserts that Governor Otero not only does not seek the abandonment of Fort Bayard, but will use his utmost endeavors and influence to have troops continued stationed at Fort Bayard as heretofore. Out upon people who will spread such malicious falsehoods and who claim to be Republicans too.—Silver City Enterprise.

A Note on New Mexico's Fair Name. The Optic must be kindly induced to demands of the New Mexican for the

amplest investigation into the murder of Colonel A. J. Fountain, and the most rapid and extreme penalty upon the murderers, be they whom they may, and whether directly or indirectly connected with this foul deed. That the murderers have not hitherto been found and brought to punishment, is a blot on the fair name of the territory.—Las Vegas Optic.

ALONG THE EL PASO & NORTHEASTERN

Many New Settlers Going Into the Country—Plenty of Government Land.

Mr. A. D. Wallace, of La Luz, N. M., who is in the city purchasing supplies for his store at that place, reports that Messrs. Beard & Bryan have put in a large new saw mill near La Luz and have already begun the manufacture of lumber. "They intend putting in two more mills at once, located conveniently for transportation," said Mr. Wallace, "and when the El Paso & Northeastern reaches La Luz station the manufacture of lumber for El Paso and other places near here will be one of our chief industries." "A great many good farmers and orchardists are coming into the country every week," continued Mr. Wallace, "and there is plenty of room for more. There is a big area of the finest farming land in the country between Dog Canyon and La Luz, the greater part of which has not been taken up yet. It is government land and free to all comers. Water is obtained throughout the entire area mentioned at a depth of from 13 to 35 feet. I anticipate that El Paso's trade in wind mills and all kinds of agricultural implements will be very largely increased when the railroad reaches us about July 1 next, and our new settlers can get these articles by cheap rail transportation. The road will more than reach La Luz station in about seven days more and the contractors are pushing it along rapidly."

New Mexico's Celebration.

The people of New Mexico are arranging for a very interesting historical celebration this year. It will mark the three hundredth anniversary of the permanent settlement of the territory by the Spaniards. It was visited as early as 1536 by Cabeza de Baca, and in 1541 Coronado's expedition passed considerable time there; but the regular colonization did not take place till 1598.

Early in that year Don Juan de Onate, under authority of the King of Spain, commenced his march from New Biscay in Mexico, with a small army and a considerable number of colonists, for the conquest and settlement of the famed region to the north, which was believed to be one of great riches. They traveled up the Rio Grande, crossing that river on May 4, at El Paso, and arriving at a pueblo in the present situation of Socorro on June 1. Early in July they reached the beautiful wide valley, at the junction of the Chama with the Rio Grande, now known as the Espanola valley, and where the oldest city of the country that they concluded to make that their central point. The place selected was opposite the pueblo of San Juan, within a stone's throw of the present station of Chamita on the Denver & Rio Grande railroad, where there was already a small Indian town called Yunque. Here the first permanent settlement was begun on July 13, and the place called San Gabriel.

It is this settlement that is to be celebrated this year, on its three hundredth anniversary, and the exercises will take place on the very spot so selected by the Spaniards in the Grand City of New Mexico. Pioneers has appointed a committee, consisting of ex-Governor L. B. Prince, Amado Chavez and J. D. Sena, to make arrangements, in connection with a similar committee to be appointed by the historical society of New Mexico. The intention is to have a grand holiday entertainment, with historical addresses by leading citizens of New Mexico and the surrounding states, and a number of gentlemen of national reputation.

The event commemorated is of far more than local interest and importance, for the settlement was the first in the United States, with the single exception of St. Augustine, and far in advance of the colonization of any other portion of the west. The place, being directly on the line of the Denver & Rio Grande railroad, is very easy of access, and the ocean will no doubt draw many visitors from Colorado, especially as it occurs at the pleasant season in Santa Fe and its vicinity, and presents a favorable opportunity to visit the beautiful Espanola valley and the intersecting Pueblo Indian towns of San Juan, Santa Clara and San Ildefonso.

In 1888 my wife went east and was attacked with rheumatism. She received no relief until she tried Chamberlain's Pain Balm. Since that time we have never been without it. We find it gives instant relief in cases of burns and scalds and is never failing for all rheumatic and neuragic pains.—D. C. Brant, Santa Ynez, Cal. For sale by A. C. Ireland.

Letter List.

List of letters remaining uncalled for in the postoffice at Santa Fe, N. M., for the week ending April 1, 1898. If not called for within two weeks will be sent to the dead letter office at Washington: Duran, Jennett Manuel, Manuel Lucero, Thomas Montoya, Carlota Lobato, Adalberto Peppers, Tom Roygro, Jose Gregorio.

In calling please say advertised and give the date.

T. P. GARLE, Postmaster.

The Weather.

The weather yesterday was clear and warm, the maximum temperature reaching 66 and the minimum 24 degrees. The mean relative humidity was 24 per cent. Fair weather is indicated for tonight and Sunday; colder Saturday.

When the children are hungry, what do you give them? Food.

When thirsty? Water.

Now use the same good common sense, and what would you give them when they are too thin? The best fat-forming food, of course. Somehow you think of Scott's Emulsion at once.

For a quarter of a century it has been making thin children, plump; weak children, strong; sick children, healthy.

Get it at \$1.00, all druggists. SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

THE HOUSEHOLD.

Hints on Table Service and Decorations of the Living Rooms.

The latest fancy for an elaborate dinner service is to substitute gold plated ware for silver when the time for dessert arrives. All the silver being removed, it is replaced by forks, spoons, knives and little plates of gilded ware.

The leaves of foliage plants used as a decoration in ordinary living rooms should



HOUSE GOWN.

be wiped every week to keep them fresh and remove the dust. Plants flourish much better when thus treated and are much more ornamental. Palms, umbelliferous plants and rubber trees are chiefly chosen for household decorations because they will live with a comparatively small amount of light and care, but some varieties of begonias are also patient in those respects and make very pretty ornaments. The ordinary large leaved canna, such as is bedded out to form groups in the garden, is also a very satisfactory decorative plant when planted in a tub or jar in the house. It has much the effect of a banana tree, but is more leafy and luxuriant. The large variety of calla lily, when well grown, is likewise a graceful plant, and the leaves alone are ornamental enough to make it valuable for the house.

Cartridge paper in gray, cream, coffee or green tones is preferable to paper having a design for any room where pictures are to be hung on the walls. If a rich and elaborate wall paper is desired, pictures should be omitted and the wall decoration left unbroken by any such interruptions. The walls of the dining room and the hall are often covered with paper having a highly colored and conspicuous design, the surface being divided into panels by bands of picture molding. In such cases pictures will detract from the good effect instead of increasing it.

The cut given today shows a house gown of blue cloth. It is gathered in to the figure by rows of shirring at the waist belt, while in front it is double breasted and falls straight. The collar and revers are of white cloth, the latter fastening into a bow of white taffeta ribbon with round ends. The loose sleeves are gathered into a deep cuff of white cloth ornamented with white pearl buttons.

JUDIC CHOLLET.

To All Concerned.

Notice is hereby given that R. Y. Anderson has this day been dismissed from the service of the Mary Mining & Smelting company, and that the company will not be responsible for any contracts or bills made by him after this date.

D. W. MAXLEY, Sec'y M. M. & S. Co. Santa Fe, March 31, 1898.

SILVER CITY REDUCTION COMPANY, Silver City, Grant County, N. M.

This plant has been purchased and will be operated in the future by the estate of the late Senator George Hearst, of California, under the general management of D. B. Gillette, Jr.

It is the intention of the present management to largely increase the capacity of the plant and equip it with every modern appliance for the successful and cheap treatment of ores and concentrates. Consignments and correspondence solicited. Advances will be made on ores.

Notaries' Records.

The New Mexican Printing company has on sale blank records for the use of notaries public, with the chapter of the Compiled laws governing notaries, printed in the front. Will be delivered at any postoffice or express office on receipt of \$1.25.

Code of Civil Procedure.

Every practicing attorney in the territory should have a copy of the New Mexico Code of Civil Procedure, bound in separate form with alternate blank pages for annotations. The New Mexican Printing company has such an edition on sale at the following prices: Leatherette binding, \$1.25; full law sheep, \$2; flexible morocco, \$2.50.

TO ST. LOUIS, CHICAGO, NEW YORK, BOSTON.

Free Reclining Cars.

Pal'mans.

Diners.

Boudoir Coaches.

Saves 4 Hours Denver to New York: One Change of Cars.

C. M. HAMPSON, Commercial Agent, Denver, Colo.

Annual Subscriptions to Standard Magazines are offered as prizes for saving the wrappers from

ODDANY'S DIAMOND SOAP

Explanation on each wrapper—the best laundry soap—for sale by all grocers.

THE SEVENTH Beet Sugar factory in the United States was erected at Eddy, New Mexico, in 1896, and made its first "campaign," beginning November 15th, 1896, and closing February 15th, 1897.

THE CONTENT OF "SUGAR in the beet" of the crop grown in the Eddy and Roswell sections of the valley has proven to be more uniformly high than any other part of the United States.

FORTUNATELY the land is blessed with just the fertility to produce high grade beets, and

MORE FORTUNATELY the Pecos Irrigation and Improvement Co. and the Roswell Land and Water Co. have an irrigation system of great magnitude, covering a vast body of the BEST SUGAR BEET land on earth. The water is applied to the crop WHEN NEEDED.

THE SUN SHINES more hours in the day and more days in the year in Eddy and Chaves counties, New Mexico, than in any other section of the west.

PECOS IRRIGATION AND IMPROVEMENT CO. EDDY, NEW MEXICO.

J. J. HAGERMAN, President. E. O. FAULKNER, Vice-President.

OR ROSWELL LAND AND WATER CO. ROSWELL, NEW MEXICO.

SOCIETIES.

Montezuma Lodge No. 1. A. F. & A. M. Regular communication first Monday in each month at Masonic Hall 7:30 p. m. F. S. DAVIS, W. M. J. B. BRADY, Secretary.

Santa Fe Chapter No. 1. R. A. M. Regular convocation second Monday in each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m. JAMES B. BRADY, H. P. ARTHUR SELIGMAN, Secretary.

Santa Fe Commandery No. 1. K. T. Regular convocation fourth Monday in each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m. MAX FROST, E. C.

ADDITION WALKER, Recorder.

I. O. O. F. PARADISE LODGE No. 2. I. O. O. F. meets every Thursday evening at Odd Fellows hall. H. W. STEVENS, Recording Secretary.

CENTENNIAL ENCAMPMENT No. 3. I. O. O. F. Regular communication the second and fourth Tuesday of each month at Odd Fellows hall; visiting patriots welcome. THOS. A. GOODWIN, C. P. A. F. EASLEY, Secretary.

MYRTLE REBEKAH LODGE No. 9. I. O. O. F. Regular meeting first and third Tuesday of each month at Odd Fellows hall. Visiting brothers and sisters welcome. TERRIEA NEWELL, Noble Grand. HATTIE WAGNER, Secretary.

AZTELAN LODGE No. 3. I. O. O. F. meets every Friday evening in Odd Fellows hall, San Francisco street. Visiting brothers welcome. NATE GOLDROFF, N. G. A. F. EASLEY, Secretary.

K. O. F. P. SANTA FE LODGE No. 2. K. O. F. P. Regular meeting every Tuesday evening at 7:30 p. m. (Castle hall). Visiting knights given a cordial welcome. R. H. BOWLES, C. C. LEN MCKENZIE, K. of R. & S.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

DENTISTS. D. W. MANLEY, Dentist. Office, Southwest Corner of Plaza, over Fischer's Drug Store.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW. MAX FROST, Attorney at Law, Santa Fe, New Mexico.

GEO. W. KNAEDEL, Office in Griffin Block. Collections and searching titles a specialty.

EDWARD L. BARTLETT, Lawyer, Santa Fe, New Mexico. Office in Catron Block.

CHAS. F. EASLEY, (Late Surveyor General.) Attorney at Law, Santa Fe, N. M. Land and mining business a specialty.

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INSURANCE. S. E. LANKARD, Insurance Agent. Office: Griffin Building. Palace avenue. Represents the largest companies doing business in the territory of New Mexico, in both life, fire and accident insurance.

CHICAGO SPECIAL. One Night, Denver to Chicago. Commencing Sunday, March 6th, the Burlington Route's famous train, the Chicago special, will leave Denver at 9:30 a. m., reaching Lincoln at 10:30 p. m., Omaha at 11:55 p. m. and Chicago at 2:15 p. m. next day—in ample time to connect with the fast afternoon trains for the east.

The "Chicago Special" is the only fast east bound morning train out of Denver—the only Denver-Chicago train making close connections at Chicago with afternoon trains for New York, Philadelphia, Boston, Baltimore and all other eastern cities.

Its equipment consists of sleeping, reclining chair, dining and smoking cars. Meals are served on the European plan—you pay only for what you order.

The Chicago Special will be in addition to and in no way interfere with the Burlington's "Vermont Flyer," which will continue to leave Denver at 9:50 p. m., reaching Omaha at 4 p. m. the next afternoon, and Chicago at 8:30 the following morning.

For tickets and full information call at offices of connecting lines or write to G. W. Valley, general agent, 1099 Seventeenth street, Denver.

194 separate analysis, chiefly carload lots, showed AN AVERAGE of 17.01 per cent sugar in beet; 84.1 per cent purity.

THIS REMARKABLE RESULT was accomplished by raw farmers, unacquainted with the culture of beet root, on new land and under very trying circumstances, as the factory was not assured until May, and a majority of the acreage was planted between JUNE 1st AND AUGUST 10th.

GOOD SOIL makes the seed germinate. WATER makes the plant grow. SUNLIGHT puts the sugar in the BEET.

THE ONLY THING left to be desired that the Pecos Valley has not on hand in abundance is PEOPLE. We need thrifty farmers; 600 heads of families each on a 40-acre farm.

NO FAIRER terms or conditions of sale of beet and fruit lands were ever made.

WRITE for particulars.

THE SUGAR BOWL OF THE GREAT Is the Rich Valley of the Rio Pecos. SOUTHWEST

IN THE COUNTIES OF EDDY AND CHAVES OF NEW MEXICO.

PECOS IRRIGATION AND IMPROVEMENT CO. EDDY, NEW MEXICO.

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For tickets and full information call at offices of connecting lines or write to G. W. Valley, general agent, 1099 Seventeenth street, Denver.

THESE Celebrated Hot Springs are located in the midst of the Ancient Cliff Dwellers, twenty-five miles west of Taos, and fifty miles north of Santa Fe, and about twelve miles from Barranca Station on the Denver & Rio Grande Railway, from which point a daily line of stage runs to the Springs. The temperature of these waters is from 100 to 125°. The gases are carbonic. Altitude 6,000 feet. Climate very dry and delightful the year round. There is now a commodious hotel for the convenience of invalids and tourists. These waters contain 1,250 grains of alkaline salts to the gallon being the richest Alkaline Hot Springs in the world. The efficacy of